

**Flange thickness, head to vessel main flanges:**

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inner radius                      max. allowable pressure  
 $R_{i\_pv} = 0.68 \text{ m}$                $P = 15.4 \text{ bar}$               (gauge pressure)

The flange design for O-ring sealing (or other self energizing gasket such as helicoflex) is "flat-faced", with "metal to metal contact outside the bolt circle". This design avoids the high flange bending stresses found in a raised face flange (of Appendix 2) and will result in less flange thickness. The rules for this design are found only in sec VIII division 1 under Appendix Y, and must be used with the allowable stresses of division 1. Flanges and shells will be fabricated from 316Ti (ASME spec SA-240) stainless steel plate. Plate samples will be helium leak checked before fabrication, as well as ultrasound inspected for flat laminar flaws which may create leak paths. The flange bolts and nuts for a metal C-ring gasket seal will be inconel 718, (UNS N77180) as this is the highest strength non-corrosive material allowed for bolting. For O-ring sealing we can use 304 bolts, temper B. We design the flanges for both cases, using the parallel calculation mode of MathCAD in which the possible values for a parameter are expressed as a matrix. Calculations are then performed in parallel for each row index. Where necessary (multiple vectors in an expression) an arrow over the expression enforces this parallelism

**Maximum allowable material stresses**, for sec VIII, division 1 rules from ASME 2010 Pressure Vessel code, sec. II part D, table 2A (division 1 only):

**Maximum allowable design stress for flange**

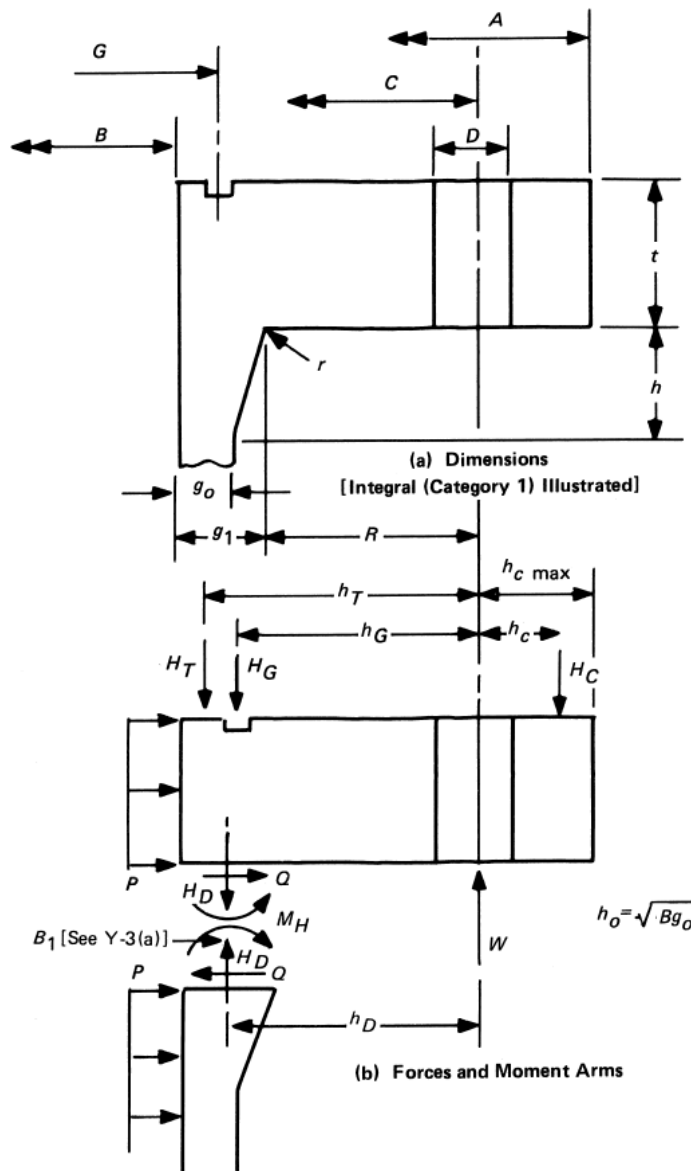
$$S_f := S_{\max\_316Ti\_div1} \quad S_f = 137.9 \text{ MPa} \quad S_f = 2 \times 10^4 \text{ psi}$$

**Maximum allowable design stress for bolts**, from ASME 2010 Pressure Vessel code, sec. II part D, table 3

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{Inconel 718 (UNS N07718)} & S_{\max\_N07718} := 37000 \text{ psi} \quad S_{\max\_304\_B} := 25000 \text{ psi for bolts less than } 3/4 \text{ in} \\
 S_b := \begin{pmatrix} S_{\max\_304\_B} \\ S_{\max\_N07718} \end{pmatrix} & S_b = \begin{pmatrix} 172.4 \\ 255.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ MPa} \quad S_{\max\_316\_2} := 22000 \text{ psi for bolts less than } 3/4 \text{ in}
 \end{array}$$

From sec. VIII div 1, non-mandatory appendix Y for bolted joints having metal-to-metal contact outside of bolt circle. First define, per Y-3:

FIG. Y-3.2 FLANGE DIMENSIONS AND FORCES



hub thickness at flange (no hub)

corner radius:

$$g_0 := t_{pv} \quad g_1 := t_{pv} \quad g_0 = 10 \text{ mm} \quad g_1 = 10 \text{ mm} \quad r_1 := \max(.25g_1, 5 \text{ mm}) \quad r_1 = 5 \text{ mm}$$

Flange OD

$$A := 1.495 \text{ m} \quad \text{this is the maximum possible, given our plate stock}$$

Flange ID

$$B := 2R_{i_{pv}} \quad B = 1.36 \text{ m}$$

define:

$$B_1 := B + g_1 \quad B_1 = 1.37 \text{ m}$$

Bolt circle (B.C.) dia, C:

$$C := 1.43 \text{ m}$$

Gasket dia

$$G := 2(R_{i_{pv}} + .65 \text{ cm}) \quad G = 1.373 \text{ m} \quad \text{O-ring mean radius as measured in CAD model: } 68.65 \cdot 2 = 137.3$$

Note: this diameter will be correct for Helicoflex gasket, but slightly higher for O-ring, which is fluid and "transmits pressure" out to its OD, however the lower gasket unit force of O-ring more than compensates, as per below:

Force of Pressure on head

$$H := .785 G^2 \cdot MAWP_{pv} \quad H = 2.31 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$$

Sealing force, per unit length of circumference:

for O-ring, 0.275" dia., shore A 70  $F = \sim 5 \text{ lbs/in}$  for 20% compression, (Parker O-ring handbook); add 50% for smaller second O-ring, and another 50% for 30% compression. Helicoflex and HTMS have equivalent formulas using  $Y$  as the unit force term and gives several possible values.

for 4.78mm C-ring, M surface hardness:

$$Y_2 := 65 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}} \quad \text{recommended value for large diameter seals, regardless of pressure or leak rate}$$

for O-ring only

$$Y_1 := 10 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{in}} \quad \text{min value for our pressure and required leak rate (He)} \quad Y_1 = 1.751 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$\text{for gasket diameter} \quad D_j := G \quad D_j = 1.373 \text{ m}$$

Force is then either of:

$$\begin{aligned} F_m &:= \pi D_j \cdot Y_1 & \text{or} & & F_j &:= \pi \cdot D_j \cdot Y_2 \\ F_m &= 7.554 \times 10^3 \text{ N} & & & F_j &= 2.804 \times 10^5 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Start by making trial assumption for number of bolts, nominal bolt dia., pitch, and bolt hole dia  $D$ ,

$$n := 124 \quad d_b := 18 \text{ mm} \quad \text{maximum number of bolts possible, using narrow washers:} \quad n_{\max} := \text{trunc} \left( \frac{\pi C}{2.0 d_b} \right) \quad n_{\max} = 124$$

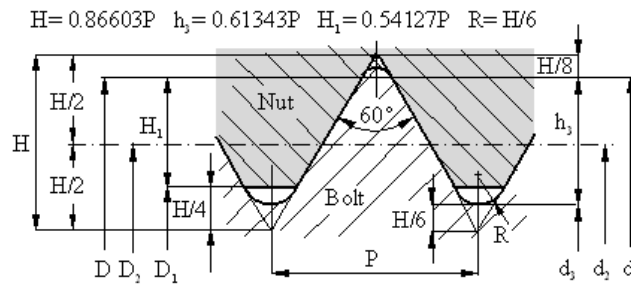
Check strength restriction:  $d_b < 3/4 \text{ in}$

$$d_b \leq 0.75 \text{ in} = 1$$

Choosing ISO fine thread pitch of 1mm, to maximize root dia.; thread depth,  $h_3$  is:

$$p_t := 1.0 \text{ mm} \quad h_3 := .6134 \cdot p_t$$

using nomenclature and formulas from this chart at <http://www.tribology-abc.com/calculators/metric-iso.htm>



metric screw threads ISO 724 (DIN 13 T1)								
Nominal diameter d = D	Pitch P	root radius r	pitch diameter d2=D2	minor diameter d3	D1	thread height h3	H1	drill diameter mm
M 1.00	0.25	0.036	0.838	0.693	0.729	0.153	0.135	0.75
M 1.10	0.25	0.036	0.938	0.793	0.829	0.153	0.135	0.85
M 1.20	0.25	0.036	1.038	0.893	0.929	0.153	0.135	0.95
M 1.40	0.30	0.043	1.205	1.032	1.075	0.184	0.162	1.10
M 1.60	0.35	0.051	1.373	1.171	1.221	0.215	0.189	1.25
M 1.80	0.35	0.051	1.573	1.371	1.421	0.215	0.189	1.45
M 2.00	0.40	0.058	1.740	1.509	1.567	0.245	0.217	1.60
M 2.20	0.45	0.065	1.908	1.648	1.713	0.276	0.244	1.75
M 2.50	0.45	0.065	2.208	1.948	2.013	0.276	0.244	2.05
M 3.00	0.50	0.072	2.675	2.387	2.459	0.307	0.271	2.50
M 3.50	0.60	0.087	3.110	2.764	2.850	0.368	0.325	2.90
M 4.00	0.70	0.101	3.545	3.141	3.242	0.429	0.379	3.30
M 4.50	0.75	0.108	4.013	3.580	3.688	0.460	0.406	3.80
M 5.00	0.80	0.115	4.480	4.019	4.134	0.491	0.433	4.20
M 6.00	1.00	0.144	5.350	4.773	4.917	0.613	0.541	5.00
M 7.00	1.00	0.144	6.350	5.773	5.917	0.613	0.541	6.00
M 8.00	1.25	0.180	7.188	6.466	6.647	0.767	0.677	6.80
M 9.00	1.25	0.180	8.188	7.466	7.647	0.767	0.677	7.80
M 10.00	1.50	0.217	9.026	8.160	8.376	0.920	0.812	8.50
M 11.00	1.50	0.217	10.026	9.160	9.376	0.920	0.812	9.50
M 12.00	1.75	0.253	10.863	9.853	10.106	1.074	0.947	10.20
M 14.00	2.00	0.289	12.701	11.546	11.835	1.227	1.083	12.00
M 16.00	2.00	0.289	14.701	13.546	13.835	1.227	1.083	14.00
M 18.00	2.50	0.361	16.376	14.933	15.394	1.534	1.353	15.50
M 20.00	2.50	0.361	18.376	16.933	17.294	1.534	1.353	17.50

<---use h3 for 1.0 mm pitch

<--- use H1 for 1.5mm pitch

Bolt root dia. is then:

$$d_3 := d_b - 2h_3 \quad d_3 = 16.7732 \text{ mm}$$

Total bolt cross sectional area:

$$A_b := n \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} d_3^2 \quad A_b = 273.995 \text{ cm}^2$$

Check bolt to bolt clearance, here we use narrow thick washers (28mm OD) under the 24mm wide (flat to flat) nuts (28mm is also corner to corner distance on nut), we adopt a minimum bolt spacing of 2x the nominal bolt diameter (to give room for a 24mm socket) :

$$d_w := 2d_b \quad d_w = 36 \text{ mm}$$

$$\pi C - n \cdot d_w \geq 0 = 1 \quad \text{actual bolt to bolt distance: } \frac{\pi C}{n} = 36.23 \text{ mm}$$

Check nut, washer, socket clearance:  $OD_w := 2d_b$

this is for standard narrow washers, and for wrench sockets which more than cover the nut width across corners

$$0.5C - (0.5B + g_1 + r_1) \geq 0.5OD_w = 1$$

Check minimum bolt circle

$$0.5B + g_1 + r_1 + 0.5 \cdot d_w \leq 0.5C = 1$$

Flange hole diameter, minimum for clearance :

$$D_{tmin} := d_b + 2mm$$

$$D_{tmin} = 20mm$$

We will thread some of these clearance holes for lift fixture bolts of size (db+4mm) to allow the head retraction fixture to be bolted up the the flange. The effective diameter of these holes will be the average of nominal and minimum diameters. To avoid thread interference with flange bolts, the flange studs will be machined to root diameter per **UG-12(b)**. in between threaded ends of 1.5x diameter in length. The actual clearance holes will be db+2mm, depending on achievable tolerances, so as to allow threading where needed.

$$d_{lfb} := d_b + 4mm$$

$$H_1 := .812mm \quad \text{from chart above, for 1.5mm thread pitch}$$

$$d_{min\_lfb} := d_{lfb} - 2 \cdot H_1$$

$$d_{min\_lfb} = 2.038cm$$

this will be max bolt hole size or least material condition (LMC)

$$d_{min\_lfb} \geq D_{tmin} = 1$$

effective threaded clearance hole diameter:

$$D_e := 0.5(d_{lfb} + d_{min\_lfb})$$

$$D_e = 2.119cm$$

Set:

$$D_t := D_e$$

$$D_t \geq D_{tmin} = 1$$

Compute Forces on flange:

$$H_G := \begin{pmatrix} F_m \\ F_j \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_G = \begin{pmatrix} 7.554 \times 10^3 \\ 2.804 \times 10^5 \end{pmatrix} N$$

$$h_G := 0.5(C - G)$$

$$h_G = 2.85cm$$

from Table 2-6 Appendix 2, Integral flanges

$$H_D := .785 \cdot B^2 \cdot P$$

$$H_D = 2.266 \times 10^6 N$$

$$R_1 := 0.5(C - B) - g_1$$

$$R_1 = 2.5cm$$

radial distance, B.C. to hub-flange intersection, int fl..

$$h_D := R_1 + 0.5g_1$$

$$h_D = 3cm$$

from Table 2-6 Appendix 2, Int. fl.

$$H_T := H - H_D$$

$$H_T = 4.353 \times 10^4 N$$

$$h_T := 0.5(R_1 + g_1 + h_G) \quad h_T = 31.75mm$$

from Table 2-6 Appendix 2, int. fl.

Total Moment on Flange

$$M_P := H_D \cdot h_D + H_T \cdot h_T + H_G \cdot h_G$$

$$M_P = \begin{pmatrix} 6.958 \times 10^4 \\ 7.736 \times 10^4 \end{pmatrix} J$$

## Appendix Y Calculation

$$P = 15.4bar$$

Choose values for plate thickness and bolt hole dia:

$$t := 4.2cm \quad D := D_t \quad D = 2.119cm$$

Going back to main analysis, compute the following quantities:

$$\beta := \frac{C + B_1}{2B_1} \quad \beta = 1.022 \quad h_C := 0.5(A - C) \quad h_C = 3.25 \text{ cm}$$

$$a := \frac{A + C}{2B_1} \quad a = 1.068 \quad AR := \frac{n \cdot D}{\pi \cdot C} \quad AR = 0.585 \quad h_0 := \sqrt{B \cdot g_0} \quad h_0 = 11.662 \text{ cm}$$

$$r_B := \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{4}{\sqrt{1 - AR^2}} \operatorname{atan} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1 + AR}{1 - AR}} \right) - \pi - 2AR \right) \quad r_B = 8.886 \times 10^{-3}$$

We need factors F and V, most easily found in figs 2-7.2 and 7.3 (Appendix 2)

since  $\frac{g_1}{g_0} = 1$  these values converge to  $F := 0.90892$   $V := 0.550103$

### Y-5 Classification and Categorization

We have identical (class 1 assembly) integral (category 1) flanges, so from table Y-6.1, our applicable equations are (5a), (7) - (13), (14a), (15a), (16a)

$$J_S := \frac{1}{B_1} \left( \frac{2 \cdot h_D}{\beta} + \frac{h_C}{a} \right) + \pi r_B \quad J_S = 0.093 \quad J_P := \frac{1}{B_1} \left( \frac{h_D}{\beta} + \frac{h_C}{a} \right) + \pi r_B \quad J_P = 0.072$$

$$(5a) \quad F' := \frac{g_0^2 (h_0 + F \cdot t)}{V} \quad F' = 2.814 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3 \quad M_P = \begin{pmatrix} 6.958 \times 10^4 \\ 7.736 \times 10^4 \end{pmatrix} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$A = 1.495 \text{ m} \quad B = 1.36 \text{ m}$$

$$K := \frac{A}{B} \quad K = 1.099 \quad Z := \frac{K^2 + 1}{K^2 - 1} \quad Z = 10.598$$

$$f := 1 \quad \text{hub stress correction factor for integral flanges, use } f = 1 \text{ for } g_1/g_0 = 1 \text{ (fig 2-7.6)}$$

$$t_s := 0 \text{ mm} \quad \text{no spacer between flanges}$$

$$l := 2t + t_s + 0.5d_b \quad l = 9.3 \text{ cm} \quad \text{strain length of bolt (for class 1 assembly)}$$

### Y-6.1, Class 1 Assembly Analysis

<http://www.hightempmetals.com/techdata/hitemplInconel718data.php>

Elastic constants:

$$E := E_{SS\_aus} \quad E = 193 \text{ GPa} \quad E_{Inconel\_718} := 208 \text{ GPa} \quad E_{bolt} := \begin{pmatrix} E_{SS\_aus} \\ E_{Inconel\_718} \end{pmatrix}$$

Flange Moment due to Flange-hub interaction

$$M_S := \frac{-J_P \cdot F' \cdot M_P}{t^3 + J_S \cdot F'} \quad M_S = \begin{pmatrix} -1.8 \times 10^3 \\ -2 \times 10^3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \quad (7)$$

Slope of Flange at I.D.

$$\theta_B := \frac{5.46}{E \cdot \pi t^3} (J_S \cdot M_S + J_P \cdot M_P) \quad \theta_B = \begin{pmatrix} 5.846 \times 10^{-4} \\ 6.5 \times 10^{-4} \end{pmatrix} \quad (8) \quad \text{opening half gap} = \theta_B \cdot 3 \text{ cm} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.018 \\ 0.019 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Contact Force between flanges, at } h_C: \quad E \cdot \theta_B = \begin{pmatrix} 112.837 \\ 125.445 \end{pmatrix} \text{ MPa}$$

$$H_C := \frac{M_P + M_S}{h_C} \quad H_C = \begin{pmatrix} 2.085 \times 10^6 \\ 2.318 \times 10^6 \end{pmatrix} \text{N} \quad (9)$$

Bolt Load at operating condition:

$$W_{m1} := H + H_G + H_C \quad W_{m1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4.402 \times 10^6 \\ 4.908 \times 10^6 \end{pmatrix} \text{N} \quad (10)$$

Operating Bolt Stress

$$\sigma_b := \frac{W_{m1}}{A_b} \quad \sigma_b = \begin{pmatrix} 160.7 \\ 179.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad S_b = \begin{pmatrix} 172.4 \\ 255.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad (11)$$

$$r_E := \frac{E}{E_{\text{bolt}}} \quad r_E = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0.928 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{elasticity factor}$$

Design Prestress in bolts

$$S_i := \left[ \sigma_b - \frac{1.159 \cdot h_C^2 \cdot (M_P + M_S)}{a \cdot t^3 \cdot r_E \cdot B_1} \right] \quad S_i = \begin{pmatrix} 152.4 \\ 169.3 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad (12)$$

Radial Flange stress at bolt circle

$$S_{R\_BC} := \frac{6(M_P + M_S)}{t^2(\pi \cdot C - n \cdot D)} \quad S_{R\_BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 123.6 \\ 137.4 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad (13)$$

Radial Flange stress at inside diameter

$$S_{R\_ID} := -\left( \frac{2F \cdot t}{h_0 + F \cdot t} + 6 \right) \cdot \frac{M_S}{\pi B_1 \cdot t^2} \quad S_{R\_ID} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.562 \\ 1.737 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad (14a)$$

Tangential Flange stress at inside diameter

$$S_T := \frac{t \cdot E \cdot \theta_B}{B_1} + \left( \frac{2F \cdot t \cdot Z}{h_0 + F \cdot t} - 1.8 \right) \cdot \frac{M_S}{\pi B_1 \cdot t^2} \quad S_T = \begin{pmatrix} 2.63 \\ 2.93 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad (15a)$$

Longitudinal hub stress

$$S_H := \frac{h_0 \cdot E \cdot \theta_B \cdot f}{0.91 \left( \frac{g_1}{g_0} \right)^2 B_1 \cdot V} \quad S_H = \begin{pmatrix} 19.187 \\ 21.331 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad (16a)$$

**Y-7 Bolt and Flange stress allowables:**  $S_b = \begin{pmatrix} 172.4 \\ 255.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \quad S_f = 137.9 \text{MPa}$

(a)  $\overrightarrow{(\sigma_b \leq S_b)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(b) (1)  $\overrightarrow{(S_H \leq 1.5S_f)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad S_n \text{ not applicable}$

(2) not applicable

(c)  $\overrightarrow{(S_{R\_BC} \leq S_f)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$